

المستوى: ليسانس 3 الأفواج: 1 و 2 و 5 L3: G1+G2+G5	السنة الجامعية: 2021- 2022 المقياس: منهجية البحث العلمي Research Methodology السادسي السادس (S6)	 جامعة المسيلة محمد بوضاف كلية الآداب و اللغات Faculty of letters and languages قسم الآداب و اللغة الإنجليزية Department of Letters and English Language الاستاذة: رقية شميني rokiahadhara@yahoo.fr
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## Seventh Session

### Objectives

### **Plagiarism and Citing**

#### Part 1 : **Plagiarism**

- I. Definition
- II. Some types
- III. Prevention

### **I. Plagiarism in academic field**

#### **1. Definition :**

- *When any kind of someone's work is written without citing the reference.*
- *The other's work can be either words or ideas.*
- *Neglecting or forgetting quotation marks when quoting a passage "....."*
- *The incomplete information about the reference is plagiarism*
- *The incorrect information about the reference is plagiarism*
- *For the same researcher, if half an article is the same as a previous one, it will not be accepted for publication by a peer-review.*
- *Translating literally or freely into the study language as if it were the researcher's own product without referencing the source is also a plagiarism.*

#### **2. Some types:**

##### **a-No citation of the source:**

1. *"The Ghost Writer" :he(she) copies the work as it is.*
2. *"The Photocopy" : he(she) copies several parts from one work as it is.*
3. *"The Potluck Paper" : he(she) copies from several sources trying to assemble sentences to cope adequately.*

4. "The Poor Disguise" : **he(**she) **copies the important content but modifies key words and phrases.**
5. "The Labor of Laziness" : **Instead of spending time on the original work, reference, he(**she) **simply rewrites in his own words what he has collected from the other sources .Then, he makes what he has taken fit together as if it were his effort.**
6. "The Self-Stealer" : **he(**she) **copies a significant part of his previous work as if it were a new original one .**

**b-Sources Cited (But Still Plagiarized) :**

1. "The Forgotten Footnote" : **he(**she) **writes the author's name for a source but no concise information about the reference(**where to find it)
2. "The Misinformer" :**he(**she)**writes false information about the source.**
3. "The Too-Perfect Paraphrase" : **he(**she) **cites a source but copies the cited passage without quotation marks" .... " as if it were his own.**
4. "The Resourceful Citer" : **he(**she) **cites perfectly in different ways quoting ,paraphrasing and summarizing ,but there is no original work, the paper is no more than a collection of information about a topic.**
5. "The Perfect Crime" : **he(**she) **cites sources appropriately in some places, but paraphrases without citing these sources in other places as if it were his own product .**

### **3.Prevention**

*Plagiarism can be avoided by citing sources*

**N.B.:**

- **References:**  
**-Plagiarism:**  
[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Plagiarism#cite\\_note-19#cite\\_note-19](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Plagiarism#cite_note-19#cite_note-19)  
**-What is Plagiarism :**  
[http://www.plagiarism.org/learning\\_center/preventing\\_guidelines.html](http://www.plagiarism.org/learning_center/preventing_guidelines.html)  
**(with some adaptation, you'll find the original references, added PDFs )**
- You can read some joined studies' PDFs that can be fruitful.  
 - You will find this lesson and the studies in Moodle, too.

Best of Luck 