

TD N°3 : ALGEBRE DE BOOLE

Exercice 1.

Soient les expressions booléennes suivantes.

$$F(A, B, C) = (A + \overline{B}).(\overline{A} + B).(\overline{A} + C)$$

$$F(A, B, C) = (A.B + \overline{A}.C).(\overline{A}.\overline{B} + A.\overline{C})$$

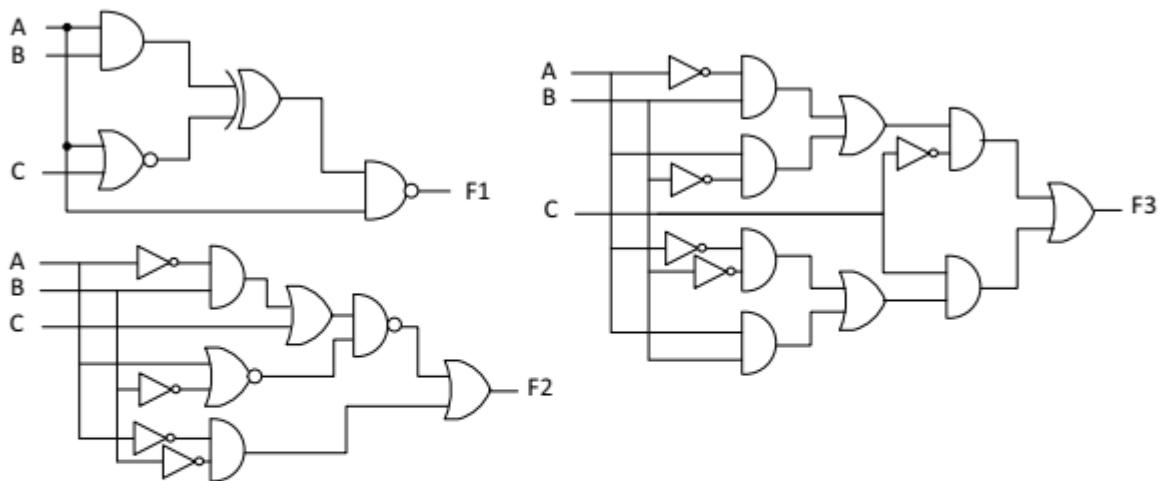
$$F(A, B, C) = \overline{\overline{(A + B).C}}.(\overline{B} + \overline{C}) + \overline{\overline{A} + \overline{B}.C}$$

Pour chacune de ces expressions.

1. Tracer la table de vérité correspondante.
 2. Tracer le logigramme correspondant.
 3. Déterminer la 1^{ière} et la 2^{ième} forme canonique (F.C) à partir de la table de vérité.
 4. Déterminer la 1^{ière} et la 2^{ième} F.C en utilisant les règles de l'algèbre de Boole.
-

Exercice 2.

1. Déterminer les expressions logiques correspondant aux logigrammes suivants.



2. En se basant sur les règles de l'algèbre de Boole. Montrer que l'on a :

$$\overline{A}.B + A.\overline{B} = (A + B).(\overline{A} + \overline{B})$$

$$A.B + \overline{A}.C + B.C = A.B + \overline{A}.C$$

$$A.B + B.C + A.C + A.\overline{B}.\overline{C} + \overline{A}.B.\overline{C} + \overline{A}.\overline{B}.C = A + B + C$$

Exercice 3.

1. Simplifier les expressions suivantes en utilisant les règles de l'algèbre de Boole.

$$F(A, B, C) = (A + B + C).(\overline{A} + B + C) + A.B + B.C$$

$$F(A, B, C) = \overline{\overline{A} + B + \overline{\overline{A} + \overline{C}}} + \overline{A + C}$$

$$F(A, B, C, D) = (\overline{A}.B + A.B + A.\overline{B}).(C.\overline{D} + \overline{C}.\overline{D}) + \overline{C}.D.(\overline{A}.B + A.B)$$

2. Simplifier les expressions suivantes en utilisant la méthode de karnaugh.

$$F(A, B, C) = (A + \overline{B} + C).(A + B + \overline{C}).(\overline{A} + B + \overline{C})$$

$$F(A, B, C) = \overline{A} + A.B + A.\overline{B}.C + A.\overline{B}.C.D$$

$$F(A, B, C, D) = \overline{A}.\overline{B}.\overline{D} + \overline{A}.\overline{C}.\overline{D} + \overline{A}.B.C.\overline{D} + A.B.D + \overline{B}.\overline{C}.\overline{D} + A.\overline{B}.C.\overline{D}$$

Exercice 4.

1. Simplifier les expressions suivantes en utilisant les tables de karnaugh à 5 variables.

$$F(A, B, C, D, E) = \sum(0, 1, 2, 4, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 17, 18, 20, 24, 26, 27, 30, 31)$$

$$F(A, B, C, D, E) = \sum(0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 16, 17, 20, 21, 24, 26, 28, 29, 30, 31)$$

$$F(A, B, C, D, E) = \sum(0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 12, 14, 16, 17, 18, 19, 24, 25, 26, 28, 29, 30)$$

2. Simplifier les expressions suivantes en utilisant les tables de karnaugh à 6 variables.

$$F(A, B, C, D, E, F) = \sum(2, 3, 9, 13, 16, 18, 24, 25, 29, 34, 37, 41, 45, 48, 50, 53, 56, 57, 61)$$

$$F(A, B, C, D, E, F) = \sum(0, 1, 2, 3, 9, 11, 13, 16, 17, 18, 24, 25, 29, 32, 33, 34, 36, 37, 41, 45, 48, 49, 50, 51, 53, 55, 57, 61)$$

$$F(A, B, C, D, E, F) = \sum(2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 12, 13, 14, 17, 19, 21, 23, 25, 27, 28, 29, 30, 32, 33, 34, 35, 40, 44, 46, 49, 51, 53, 55, 57, 59, 61, 62, 63)$$

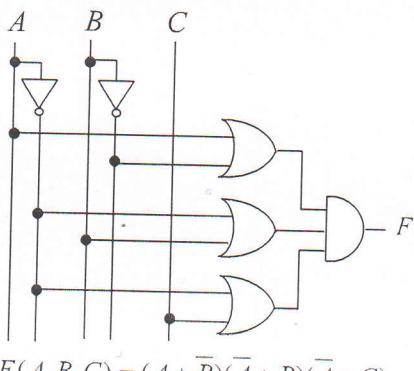
CORRIGÉ DE LA SÉRIE DE TD N° 3

Exercice 1.

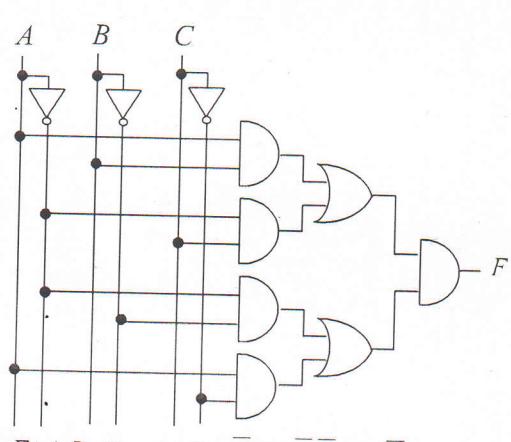
1. Tracer la table de vérité correspondante.

A	B	C	$(A + \bar{B}).(\bar{A} + B).(\bar{A} + C)$	$(A.B + \bar{A}.C).(\bar{A}.\bar{B} + A.\bar{C})$	$\overline{(A + B.C)}.\overline{(\bar{B} + \bar{C})} + \overline{\bar{A} + \bar{B}.\bar{C}}$
0	0	0	1	0	0
0	0	1	1	1	1
0	1	0	0	0	0
0	1	1	0	0	1
1	0	0	0	0	1
1	0	1	0	0	0
1	1	0	0	1	0
1	1	1	1	0	1

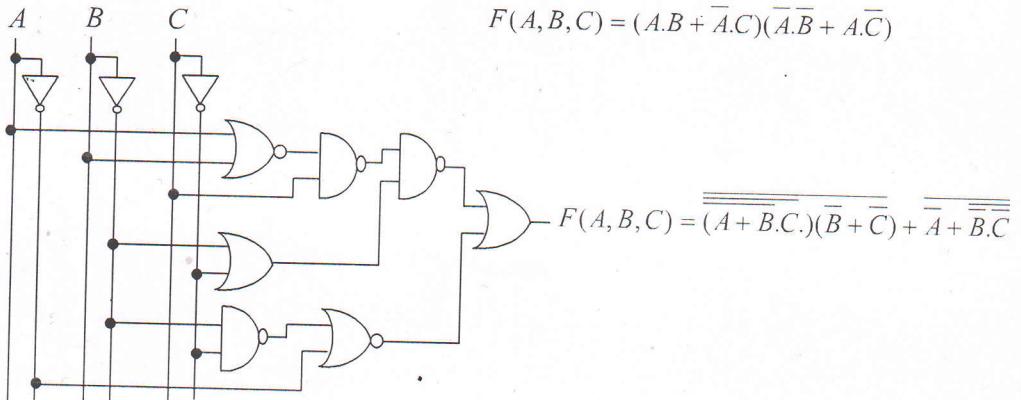
2. Tracer le logigramme correspondant.



$$F(A, B, C) = (A + \bar{B})(\bar{A} + B)(\bar{A} + C)$$



$$F(A, B, C) = (A.B + \bar{A}.C)(\bar{A}.\bar{B} + A.\bar{C})$$



3. Déterminer la 1^{ière} et la 2^{ème} forme canonique pour chacune de ces expressions.

$$(1) F(A, B, C) = (A + \overline{B}).(\overline{A} + B).(\overline{A} + C)$$

$$- 1^{\text{ère}} \text{ F.C} : F(A, B, C) = \overline{A}.\overline{B}.\overline{C} + \overline{A}.\overline{B}.C + A.B.C$$

$$- 2^{\text{ème}} \text{ F.C} : F(A, B, C) = (A + \overline{B} + C).(A + \overline{B} + \overline{C}).(\overline{A} + B + C).(\overline{A} + B + \overline{C}).(\overline{A} + \overline{B} + C)$$

$$(2) F(A, B, C) = (A.B + \overline{A}.C).(\overline{A}.\overline{B} + A.\overline{C})$$

$$- 1^{\text{ère}} \text{ F.C} : F(A, B, C) = \overline{A}.\overline{B}.C + A.B.\overline{C}$$

$$- 2^{\text{ème}} \text{ F.C} : F(A, B, C) = (A + B + C).(A + \overline{B} + C).(A + \overline{B} + \overline{C}).(\overline{A} + B + C).(\overline{A} + B + \overline{C}).(\overline{A} + \overline{B} + C)$$

$$(3) F(A, B, C) = \overline{\overline{(A + B).C}}.(\overline{B} + \overline{C}) + \overline{\overline{A} + \overline{B}.C}$$

$$- 1^{\text{ère}} \text{ F.C} : F(A, B, C) = \overline{A}.\overline{B}.C + \overline{A}.B.C + A.\overline{B}.\overline{C} + A.B.C$$

$$- 2^{\text{ème}} \text{ F.C} : F(A, B, C) = (A + B + C).(A + \overline{B} + C).(\overline{A} + B + \overline{C}).(\overline{A} + \overline{B} + C)$$

Exercice 2.

1. Déterminer les expressions logiques correspondant aux logigrammes suivants.

$$F1 = \overline{(A.B \oplus \overline{A + B}).A}$$

$$F2 = \overline{(\overline{A}.B + C).(\overline{A} + \overline{B})} + \overline{A}.\overline{B}$$

$$F3 = (\overline{A}.B + A.\overline{B}).\overline{C} + (\overline{A}.\overline{B} + A.B).C$$

2. En se basant sur les règles de l'algèbre de Boole. Montrer que l'on a :

$$\overline{A}.B + A.\overline{B} = (\overline{A} + A).(\overline{A} + \overline{B}).(A + B).(B + \overline{B}) = (A + B).(\overline{A} + \overline{B})$$

$$\begin{aligned} A.B + \overline{A}.C + B.C &= A.B + \overline{A}.C + B.C.(A + \overline{A}) = A.B + \overline{A}.C + A.B.C + \overline{A}.B.C \\ &= A.B.(1 + C) + \overline{A}.C.(1 + B) = A.B + \overline{A}.C \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A.B + B.C + A.C + A.\overline{B}.\overline{C} + \overline{A}.B.\overline{C} + \overline{A}.\overline{B}.C &= A.(B + \overline{B}.\overline{C}) + B.(C + \overline{C}.\overline{A}) + \\ C.(A + \overline{A}.\overline{B}) &= A.B + A.\overline{C} + B.C + B.\overline{A} + A.C + \overline{B}.C \\ &= B.(A + \overline{A}) + A.(C + \overline{C}) + C.(B + \overline{B}) = A + B + C \end{aligned}$$

Exercice 3.

1. Simplifier les expressions suivantes en utilisant les règles de l'algèbre de Boole.

$$\begin{aligned} F(A, B, C) &= (A + B + C).(\overline{A} + B + C) + A.B + B.C = [A.\overline{A} + (B + C)] + A.B + B.C \\ &= B + C + A.B + B.C = B.(1 + A) + C.(1 + B) = B + C \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} F(A, B, C) &= \overline{\overline{A + B} + \overline{\overline{A} + \overline{C}}} + \overline{\overline{A} + C} = (A + B).(\overline{A} + \overline{C}) + \overline{A}.\overline{C} \\ &= A.\overline{A} + A.\overline{C} + \overline{A}.B + B.\overline{C} + \overline{A}.\overline{C} = \overline{C}.(A + \overline{A} + B) + \overline{A}.B = \overline{A}.B + \overline{C} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 F(A, B, C, D) &= (\overline{A} \cdot B + A \cdot B + A \cdot \overline{B}) \cdot (C \cdot \overline{D} + \overline{C} \cdot \overline{D}) + \overline{C} \cdot D \cdot (\overline{A} \cdot B + A \cdot B) \\
 &= [B \cdot (A + \overline{A}) + A \cdot (B + \overline{B})] \cdot [\overline{D} \cdot (C + \overline{C})] + \overline{C} \cdot D \cdot [B \cdot (A + \overline{A})] \\
 &= (A + B) \cdot \overline{D} + B \cdot \overline{C} \cdot D = A \cdot \overline{D} + B \cdot (\overline{D} + D \cdot \overline{C}) = A \cdot \overline{D} + B \cdot \overline{D} + B \cdot \overline{C}
 \end{aligned}$$

2. Simplifier les expressions suivantes en utilisant la méthode de karnaugh.

$$\begin{aligned}
 F(A, B, C) &= (A + \overline{B} + C) \cdot (A + B + \overline{C}) \cdot (\overline{A} + B + \overline{C}) = B \cdot C + \overline{B} \cdot \overline{C} + A \cdot \overline{C} \\
 &= B \cdot C + \overline{B} \cdot \overline{C} + A \cdot B
 \end{aligned}$$

$$F(A, B, C) = \overline{A} + A \cdot B + A \cdot \overline{B} \cdot C + A \cdot \overline{B} \cdot C \cdot D = \overline{A} + B + C$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 F(A, B, C, D) &= \overline{A} \cdot \overline{B} \cdot \overline{D} + \overline{A} \cdot \overline{C} \cdot \overline{D} + \overline{A} \cdot B \cdot C \cdot \overline{D} + A \cdot B \cdot D + \overline{B} \cdot \overline{C} \cdot \overline{D} + A \cdot \overline{B} \cdot C \cdot \overline{D} \\
 &= \overline{A} \cdot \overline{D} + \overline{B} \cdot \overline{D} + A \cdot B \cdot D
 \end{aligned}$$

Exercice 4.

1. Simplifier les expressions suivantes en utilisant les tables de karnaugh à 5 variables.

$$\begin{aligned}
 F(A, B, C, D, E) &= \sum(0, 1, 2, 4, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 17, 18, 20, 24, 26, 27, 30, 31) \\
 &= \overline{C} \cdot \overline{E} + A \cdot B \cdot D + \overline{B} \cdot \overline{D} \cdot \overline{E} + \overline{B} \cdot \overline{C} \cdot \overline{D} + \overline{A} \cdot B \cdot \overline{E}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 F(A, B, C, D, E) &= \sum(0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 16, 17, 20, 21, 24, 26, 28, 29, 30, 31) \\
 &= \overline{B} \cdot \overline{D} + \overline{A} \cdot \overline{C} \cdot \overline{D} + B \cdot \overline{C} \cdot \overline{E} + A \cdot B \cdot C
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 F(A, B, C, D, E) &= \sum(0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 12, 14, 16, 17, 18, 19, 24, 25, 26, 28, 29, 30) \\
 &= \overline{C} \cdot \overline{D} + B \cdot \overline{E} + \overline{B} \cdot \overline{C} + \overline{A} \cdot \overline{B} \cdot \overline{D} + A \cdot B \cdot \overline{D}
 \end{aligned}$$

2. Simplifier les expressions suivantes en utilisant les tables de karnaugh à 6 variables.

$$\begin{aligned}
 F(A, B, C, D, E, F) &= \sum(2, 3, 9, 13, 16, 18, 24, 25, 29, 34, 37, 41, 45, 48, 50, 53, 56, 57, 61) \\
 &= C \cdot \overline{E} \cdot F + B \cdot \overline{D} \cdot \overline{E} \cdot \overline{F} + A \cdot D \cdot \overline{E} \cdot F + \overline{C} \cdot \overline{D} \cdot E \cdot \overline{F} + \overline{A} \cdot \overline{B} \cdot \overline{C} \cdot \overline{D} \cdot E
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 F(A, B, C, D, E, F) &= \sum(0, 1, 2, 3, 9, 11, 13, 16, 17, 18, 24, 25, 29, 32, 33, 34, 36, 37, 41, \\
 &\quad 45, 48, 49, 50, 51, 53, 55, 57, 61) \\
 &= \overline{C} \cdot \overline{D} \cdot \overline{F} + C \cdot \overline{E} \cdot F + A \cdot B \cdot \overline{C} \cdot F + \overline{A} \cdot \overline{B} \cdot \overline{D} \cdot F + A \cdot \overline{B} \cdot \overline{C} \cdot \overline{E} + \overline{A} \cdot B \cdot \overline{D} \cdot \overline{E}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 F(A, B, C, D, E, F) &= \sum(2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 12, 13, 14, 17, 19, 21, 23, 25, 27, 28, 29, 30, 32, 33, \\
 &\quad 34, 35, 40, 44, 46, 49, 51, 53, 55, 57, 59, 61, 62, 63) \\
 &= B \cdot \overline{C} \cdot F + A \cdot B \cdot F + B \cdot \overline{D} \cdot F + C \cdot D \cdot E \cdot \overline{F} + \overline{A} \cdot C \cdot D \cdot \overline{E} + \overline{B} \cdot C \cdot \overline{E} \cdot \overline{F} + \\
 &\quad A \cdot \overline{B} \cdot \overline{C} \cdot \overline{D} + \overline{A} \cdot \overline{B} \cdot \overline{C} \cdot E
 \end{aligned}$$