



Level: 1st year of computer science
Course: ADS1

Typical solution TD/TP N°: 04

Academic year: 2023/2024
Chapter 3 : TESTS

Exercise 1 : TD

Write an algorithm that allows entering 3 integers. Then, this algorithm only displays the even numbers.

```
Algorithm even
Var n1, n2 , n3 : integer
begin
  write("enter 3 nbrs ")
  read (n1, n2 , n3)
  if n1 mod 2 =0 then
    write(n1)
  end if
  if n2 mod 2 =0 then
    write(n2)
  end if
  if n3 mod 2 =0 then
    write(n3)
  end if
end.
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
  int n1, n2 , n3;
  printf("enter 3 nbrs ");
  scanf("%d%d%d", &n1,&n2,&n3);
  if (n1 % 2 ==0)
    printf("%d\n",n1);
  if (n2 % 2 ==0)
    printf("%d\n",n2);
  if (n3 % 2 ==0)
    printf("%d\n",n3);
}
```

Exercise 2: TP

Write a program that calculates the maximum between 2 numbers and another one that calculates the maximum between 3 numbers.

```
Algorithm max2
Var n1, n2 , max: real
begin
  write("enter 2 nbrs ")
  read (n1, n2)
  if n1 > n2 then
    max← n1
  else
    max←n2
  end if
  write("the max is ",max)
end.
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
  float n1, n2 , max;
  printf("enter 2 nbrs ");
  scanf("%d%d", &n1,&n2);
  if (n1 > n2)
    max= n1;
  else
    max= n2;
  printf("the max is %.2f\n", max);
}
```

```
Algorithm max3
Var n1, n2, n3, max: real
begin
  write("enter 3 nbrs")
  read (n1, n2, n3)
  if n1 > n2 then
    if n1 > n3 then
      max←n1
    else
      max← n3
    end if
  else
    if n2 > n3 then
      max← n2
    else
      max← n3
    end if
  end if
  write("the max is ",max)
end.
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
  float n1, n2, n3 , max;
  printf("enter 3 nbrs ");
  scanf("%d%d", &n1,&n2,&n3);
  if (n1 > n2)
    if (n1 > n3)
      max= n1;
    else
      max= n3;
  else
    if (n2 > n3)
      max= n2;
    else
      max= n3;
  printf("the max is %.2f\n", max);
}

Max2= n1 > n2 ? n1 : n2;
Max3= n1 > n2 ? (n1 > n3 ? n1 : n3) : (n2 > n3 ? n2 : n3);
```

Exercise 3: TD/TP



Write an algorithm with its C program that calculates the alms (aumône) or zakat. This algorithm receives a person's wealth along with the price of one gram of gold. Then, it displays the zakat amount. Knowing that the zakat rate is 2.5% and the Nisab threshold is 85 grams of gold.

```
Algorithm zakat
Const Nissaabe=85
Var money, zkt , Nsb_arg, gold_price:
real
begin
    write("enter your amount ")
    read (money)
    write("enter the price of gold ")
    read (gold_price)
    Nsb_arg←gold_price*Nissaabe
    if money >= Nsb_arg then
        zkt ←money*2.5/100
    else
        zkt ← 0
    end if
    write("le montant du zakat est ", zkt)
end.
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    Const int Nissaabe=85;
    float money,zkt , Nsb_arg,gold_price;
    printf("enter your amount ");
    scanf("%f",&money);
    printf("enter the price of gold ");
    scanf("%f",&gold_price);
    Nsb_arg= gold_price* Nissaabe ;
    if (money >= Nsb_arg)
        zkt = money*2.5/100;
    else
        zkt = 0;
    printf("the amount of zakat is %.2f\n",
zkt);
}
```

Exercise 4: TD

Write an algorithm that reads a year A and informs us if this year is a leap year (February has 29 days) or not.

```
Algorithm leap_year
Var A: integer
begin
    write("enter a year ")
    read (A)
    if A mod 4 ≠ 0 then
        write(A, " is not a leap year ")
    else
        if A mod 400 = 0 then
            write(A, " is a leap year ")
        else
            if A mod 100 = 0 then
                write(A, " is not a leap year ")
            else
                write(A, " is a leap year ")
            end if
        end if
    end if
end.

If (A mod 4 =0 and A mod 100 ≠ 0) or (A
mod 400 =0) then
    write(A, " is a leap year ")
else
    write(A, " is not a leap year ")
end if
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int A;
    printf("enter a year ");
    scanf("%d",&A);
    if (A % 4 !=0)
        printf("%d is not a leap year ", A);
    else if (A % 400 ==0)
        printf("%d is a leap year ",A)
    else if (A % 100 ==0)
        printf("%d is not a leap year ",A)
    else
        printf("%d is a leap year ", A)
    }
```

```
if ((A mod 4 =0 et A mod 100 ≠ 0) ou (A
mod 400 =0)) then
    printf("%d is a leap year ", A)
else
    printf("%d is not a leap year ", A)
```

Exercise 5: TD

Write an algorithm that calculates the average of the analysis (exam and tutorials). Then, it calculates the final average, and if the average is below 10/20, it asks the user to provide the make-up grade. In this case, the calculation of the final average considers the better grade between the original exam and the make-up exam, and finally, the algorithm displays the final average.

```
Algorithm avg_analysis
Var exam, TD, avg, rat : real
begin
    write("exam : ")
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    float exam,TD ,avg, rat;
    printf("exam :");
```



<pre> read (exam) write("TD: ") read (TD) avg ← (exam *3+ TD*2) /5 si avg<10 then write("Rattrapage : ") read (rat) if rat > exam then avg ← (rat *3+ TD*2) /5 end if end if write("the average =", avg) end. </pre>	<pre> scanf("%f",&exam); printf("TD:"); scanf("%f",&TD); avg = (exam *3+ TD*2)/5; if (avg<10){ printf("Rattrapage : "); scanf("%f",&rat); if (rat > exam) avg= (rat *3+ TD*2)/5 ; } printf("the average =%.2f", avg); } </pre>
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Exercise 6: TD/TP

Write an algorithm and its program for a mini-calculator that offers the user to perform one of the following operations (addition of two numbers, subtraction of two numbers, division of two numbers, multiplication of two numbers, square root of a number, and power of a number).

```

Algorithm mini_calculator
Var x, y: real
    Choice : character
begin
    write("mini-calculator ")
    write("+ : addition ")
    write("- : subtraction ")
    write("* : multiplication ")
    write("/ : division ")
    write("r : square root ")
    write("^ : power ")
    write("enter your choice ")
    read (Choice)
    if Choice = 'r' then
        write("enter a nbr ")
        read (x)
        write("√",x, "=", √ x)
    else
        write("enter two nbrs ")
        read (x, y)
        case Choice of
            '+' : write(x,"+",y,"=",x+y)
            '-' : write(x,"-",y,"=",x-y)
            '*' : write(x,"*",y,"=",x*y)
            '/' : write(x,"/",y,"=",x/y)
            '^' : write(x,"^",y,"=",x^y)
        end case
    end if
fin.

```

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
int main() {
    float x, y;
    char Choice ;
    printf("mini-calculator \n");
    printf("+ : addition \n");
    printf("- : subtraction \n");
    printf("* : multiplication \n");
    printf("/ : division \n");
    printf("r : square root \n");
    printf("^ : power \n");
    printf("enter your choice \n");
    scanf("%c", &Choice);
    if (Choice == 'r') {
        printf("enter a nbr \n");
        scanf("%f", &x);
        printf("√%f=%f", x, sqrt( x));
    }else{
        printf("enter two nbrs ");
        scanf("%f%f", &x, &y);
        switch (Choice) {
            case '+' : printf("%f+%f=%f", x, y, x+y); break;
            case '-' : printf("%f-%f=%f", x, y, x-y); break;
            case '*' : printf("%f×%f=%f", x, y, x*y); break;
            case '/' : printf("%f/%f=%f", x, y, x/y); break;
            case '^' : printf("%f^%f=%f", x, y, pow(x,y));
        } // end of switch
    } // end of else
    Return 0 ;
}

```