



Level: 1st year computer science
Material: ADS2

Typical solution TD/TP N° : 02

Academic year: 2023/2024
Chapter 1 : Recursion

Exercise 1: (TD)

Consider the following program:

- 0
- The value of 'r' doesn't change because it uses value passing.
- You need to use address passing."

```

1 #include <string.h>
2 sum(int d, int f, int *s) {
3     int i;
4     *s=0;
5     for (i = d; i <= f; i++)
6         *s = *s + i;
7 }
8 main() {
9     int a, b, r;
10    r=0;
11    printf("enter two numbers");
12    scanf("%d%d", &a, &b);
13    sum(a, b, &r);
14    printf("the result is %d", r);
15 }
```

```

1 #include <string.h>
2 int sum(int d, int f) {
3     int i, s=0;
4     for (i = d; i <= f; i++)
5         s = s + i;
6     return s;
7 }
8 main() {
9     int a, b, r;
10    r=0;
11    printf("enter two numbers");
12    scanf("%d%d", &a, &b);
13    r = sum(a, b);
14    printf("the result is %d", r);
15 }
```

Exercise 2: (TP)

Write a recursive subroutine **conv10to2** to convert from decimal system 10 to binary system 2 (display)

```

1 void conv10to2(int n) {
2     if (n > 0) {
3         conv10to2(n/ 2)
4         printf("%d", n % 2);
5     }
6 }
```

Exercise 3: (TD/ TP)

Write a recursive subroutine called 'pos' that returns the location of the character 'x' in string 's' starting from position 'd' and returns -1 if it cannot be found.

```

1 int pos(char s[], char x, int d) {
2     if(s[d]=='\0') return -1;
3     if(s[d]== x) return d;
4     return pos(s, x, d+1);
5 }
```

Exercise 4: (TP)

Write a recursive 'PGCD' subroutine to calculate the greatest common divisor of two numbers.

Write the main program to reduce the fraction $\frac{A}{B}$ using the **PGCD**

```

1 int PGCD(int x, int y) {
2     if (y)
3         return PGCD(y, x % y);
4     return x;
5 }
```



```
6 main() {  
7     int a, b, d;  
8     printf("enter two nbrs\n");  
9     scanf("%d", &a, &b);  
10    d = GCD(a, b);  
11    printf("%d/%d=%d/%d\n" ,a ,b ,a/d ,b/d);  
12 }
```

Exercise 5: (TD/TP)

Write “root”, a recursive subroutine to calculate the square root of a

```
1 float root(float x, int n) {  
2     int i;  
3     float r;  
4     r = 1;  
5     for (i = 0; i < n; i++)  
6         r = (r + x / r) * .5;  
7     return r;  
8 }  
  
1 float root(float x, int n) {  
2     float r;  
3     if (n == 0) return 1;  
4     r = root(x, n - 1);  
5     return(r + x / r) * .5;  
6 }
```

Exercise 6: (TD)

Write “Sum”, a recursive subroutine to calculate the following sum: $s = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{-1^{i+1}}{i} x^i$

```
1 float Sum(float x, int n) {  
2     float r;  
3     if (n == 0) return 0;  
4     if (n % 2 == 0) return -1.0/n*pow(x, n)+ Sum(x, n-1);  
5     return 1.0/n*pow(x,n)+Sum(x, n-1);  
6 }  
  
1 float Sum(float x, int i, int n, float p) {  
2     float r;  
3     if (i>n) return 0;  
4     if (n % 2 == 0) return -1.0/i*p+ Sum(x, i+1, n, p*x);  
5     return 1.0/i*p + Sum(x, i+1, n, p*x);  
6 }
```