# Module : Terminology Level : 1st year Teacher: Dr.Kharkhache Asma

Lecture 6: History

"History" is an umbrella term that relates to past events as well as the memory, discovery, collection, organization, presentation, and interpretation of information about these events. Historians place the past in context using historical sources such as written documents, oral accounts, and material objects including art and artifacts.

History also includes the academic discipline which uses narrative to describe, examine, question, and analyze a sequence of past events, and investigate the patterns of cause and effect that are related to them. Historians seek to understand and represent the past through narratives. They often debate which narrative best explains an event, as well as the significance of different causes and effects. Historians also debate the nature of history and its usefulness by discussing the study of the discipline as an end in itself and as a way of providing "perspective" on the problems of the present.

To study history is to study change: historians are experts in examining and interpreting human identities and transformations of societies and civilizations over time. They use a range of methods and analytical tools to answer questions about the past and to reconstruct the diversity of past human experience: how profoundly people have differed in their ideas, institutions, and cultural practices; how widely their experiences have varied by time and place, and the ways they have struggled while inhabiting a shared world. Historians use a wide range of sources to weave individual lives and collective actions into narratives that bring critical perspectives on both our past and our present. Studying history helps us understand and grapple with complex questions and dilemmas by examining how the past has shaped (and continues to shape) global, national, and local relationships between societies and people.

> Referance :https://www.studocu.com/enus/document/elonunive rsity/introductory-sociology/what-is-sociology/37486878

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### Questions

### **1-Give a title to the previous text :**

# 2- Using the dictionary, explain the difficult words as follows:

Interpretation, academic, narrative, describe, analyze, investigate, debate, usefulness, transformations, profoundly, struggled, grapple dilemmas, shaped.

# **3** -Identifie the nature gramatical for the words in the following sentence:

Historians place the past in context using historical sources such as written documents, oral accounts, and material objects including art and artifacts.

### 4-Present the general ideas of the text.

### **5-Translate the following sentences to Arabic language:**

History also includes the academic discipline which uses narrative to describe, examine, question, and analyze a sequence of past events, and investigate the patterns of cause and effect that are related to them. Historians seek to understand and represent the past through narratives. They often debate which narrative best explains an event, as well as the significance of different causes and effects. Historians also debate the nature of history and its usefulness by discussing the study of the discipline as an end in itself and as a way of providing "perspective" on the problems of the present.