Mohamed Boudiaf University - M'sila Faculty of Technology Civil Engineering Department - Electrical Engineering Department University year 2024-2025

Module : Probability-Statistics

Worksheet n°1

(Basic definitions - One-variable statistical series)

Exercice $\mathbf{n}^{\circ}1$: (The different types of statistical variables)

1) Classify the variables below according to their type :

- a) Number of people per household b) Height (cm) c) Sex.
- d) marital status e) Weight (kg) f) Level of education

2) Specify the measurement or values they can take.

<u>Exercice $n^{\circ}2$ </u>: (qualitative variable) The following table shows the blood groups of 2^{nd} year ST students

В	AB	A	A	0	A	А	В	AB	Ο	А	В	Ο	AB	В	0	Ο	A
А	0	В	0	A	А	0	0	0	0	0	А	А	AB	В	A	А	A
А	0	Ο	A	AB	В	В	А	А	В	AB	AB	В	А	А	AB	А	Ο

1) Indicate the population studied, the statistical unit, the character studied and its nature .

2) Draw up the table of the absolute frequencies n_i representing this statistical serie, calculating the relative frequencies f_i and percentages p_i .

3) Give two graphical representations suitable for this type of characteristic.

4) What is the mode of the series?

Exercice n°3 :(Interpret a Bar Graph)

Karima surveyed the students at her school about their favourite sports. She chose a bar graph to display her results. Use the bar graph to answer each question.



FIGURE 1 – Bar Graph of favourite sports

- a) Which sport is the most popular?
- b) Which sport is the least popular?
- c) Does your answer to part b) mean that students do not like this sport? Explain.
- d) How many students said that volleyball was their favourite sport?
- e) How many students participated in Karima's survey?

Exercice n°4: We are interested in the age of each of the 50 employees in a company. We have the following raw data: 36; 30; 30; 56; 58; 47; 30; 45; 47; 18; 47; 33; 26; 51; 41; 33; 45; 39; 36; 41; 51; 21; 33; 30; 18; 56; 24; 26; 41; 26; 37; 26; 33; 39; 51; 56; 33; 24; 51; 37; 24; 37; 41; 41; 45; 33; 45; 33; 30; 37.

1. Indicate the population studied, the statistical unit, the character studied and its nature;

" 2. Represent the data in a statistical table, calculating the frequencies, percentages and ascending cumulative frequencies;

3. Determine the arithmetic mean of the age, the mode , the median, ;

4. Group these results into classes of the same widths, then draw up a table of the frequencies, specifying the central of the classes, the percentages and the ascending cumulative frequencies;

5. Construct a histogram for frequency distribution;

6. Determine the mode (by calculation and graphically), median and mean;

7. Compare the two means and comment on the results.

<u>Exercice $n^{\circ}5$ </u>: A taxi company is interested in the mileage performed by its vehicles. To this end, it recorded the mileage of 50 of its taxis for a morning's work.

Classes	[10; 20]	[20; 30]	[30; 40]	[40;60]	[60; 90]	50Σ
frequencies	8	12	20	6	4	

1. Indicate the population, its size, the variable and its type.

2. Draw the histogram of this distribution.

3. Give the modal class, median, mean and standard deviation of the distribution.

<u>*Exercice $n^{\circ}6$ </u>: We consider two groups of students. We record their exam marks in the following two tables :

Group A marks	8	9	10	11	Group B marks	6	8	9	13	14
frequencies	6	6	3	3	frequencies	6	6	3	3	3

1) Calculate the mean and standard deviation for each group.

2) Compare the two groups.

1. Indicate the population studied, the statistical unit, the character studied and its nature; 2. Represent the data in a frequency table, calculating the frequencies, percentages and ascending cumulative frequencies;

3. Determine the mean of the number of cell phones, the mode, the median and standard deviation;

4. Give the appropriate graphical representation for this type of characteristic.