

Worksheet n°2

(Bivariate statistical series)

Exercice n°1 :

Exercice n°1 : We are interested in a group of 40 employees of a certain company. The following data is presented in the form of pairs of values of the form (x_i, y_i) where x_i is the Gender of the person {Male, Female} and y_i is the last diploma {bac, licence, master} :

(M,L), (F,B), (M,L), (M,L), (F,B), (F,L), (M,B), (F,L), (M,B), (F,B), (M,L), (M,B), (F,B), (F,L), (M,B), (M,B), (M,Ma), (F,B), (M,B), (M,B), (F,B), (M,Ma), (F,B), (M,Ma), (M,B), (M,B), (M,L), (M,L), (M,B), (F,L), (F,B), (M,B), (M,B), (M,B), (F,B), (F,Ma), (M,L), (M,B), (F,B), (M,B).

1. Identify the population and characteristics being studied and their nature.
2. Fill in the contingency table :

| Gender \ diploma | bac | licence | Master | total |
|------------------|-----|---------|--------|-------|
| Male | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Female | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| total | ... | ... | ... | ... |

3. Are the two variables X and Y independent ? Justify.

Exercice n°2 : In an exam, each candidate is tested in statistics (mark X) and maths (mark Y). The results for a sample of 100 candidates are as follows :

| X\Y | [0, 4] |]4, 8] |]8, 12] |]12, 16] |]16, 20] | total |
|----------|--------|--------|---------|----------|----------|-------|
| [0, 4] | 3 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | ... |
|]4, 8] | 6 | 9 | 7 | 4 | 0 | ... |
|]8, 12] | 1 | 8 | 15 | 12 | 8 | ... |
|]12, 16] | 0 | 1 | 7 | 7 | 3 | ... |
|]16, 20] | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | ... |
| total | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

1. Identify the population, its size and the type of variables being studied.
2. Determine the marginal distributions of X and Y .
3. Calculate the marginal means and variances of X and Y ;
4. Determine the conditional distribution of Y knowing that X is in the interval]8; 12].
5. Calculate the mean of the conditional distribution of Y given that X is in the interval]8; 12].

Exercice n°3 :

The following table gives the braking distance of a car on a dry road as a function of its speed :

| | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|
| x_i (Speed in kilometres/hour) | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 100 | 110 |
| y_i (distance in metres) | 8 | 12 | 18 | 24 | 32 | 40 | 48 | 58 |

1. Construct a scatterplot of this data $M_i(x_i; y_i)$.
2. Do you think the Fitting a line is justified? Justify your answer.
3. Using Mayer's method (two-mean method), determine the equation of the straight line representing the braking distance as a function of speed .
4. Verify that the mean point is on the fitting line.

5. Using this equation, estimate the braking distance of a vehicle travelling at 120km/h.
6. Repeat the calculations using the method of least squares.

***Exercice n°4 :** Fit this point cloud with a hyperbola $y = \frac{1}{ax + b}$

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| x_i | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| y_i | 0.91 | 0.63 | 0.47 | 0.38 | 0.32 | 0.27 | 0.24 | 0.21 | 0.19 | 0.18 |

***Exercice n°5 :**

Fit this scatter plots using a power function $y = bx^a$

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|
| x_i | 0.5 | 1 | 1.5 | 2 | 2.5 | 3 | 3.5 | 4 | 4.5 | 5 |
| y_i | 0.1 | 0.5 | 1.4 | 2.7 | 5.1 | 7.6 | 11.2 | 15.9 | 22.3 | 28.1 |

***Exercice n°6 :**

Fit this scatter plots using an exponential function $y = be^{ax}$

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| x_i | 1 | 1.5 | 2 | 2.5 | 3 | 3.5 | 4 | 4.5 | 5 | x_i | 1 | 1.5 | 2 | 2.5 | 3 | 3.5 | 4 | 4.5 | 5 |
| y_i | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 1.1 | 1.6 | 2.4 | 3.3 | y_i | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 1.1 | 1.6 | 2.4 | 3.3 |

Exercice n°7 :

Fit this scatter plots using a power function $y = b + a \ln x$

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| x_i | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| y_i | 1.1 | 2.9 | 4.4 | 5.1 | 5.8 | 6.5 | 6.8 | 7.3 | 7.7 | 7.8 |