| **part of speech** | **function or "job"** | **example words** | **example sentences** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| [**Verb**](https://www.englishclub.com/grammar/verbs.htm) | action or state | (to) be, have, do, like, work, sing, can, must | EnglishClub **is** a web site. I **like** EnglishClub. |
| [**Noun**](https://www.englishclub.com/grammar/nouns.htm) | thing or person | pen, dog, work, music, town, London, teacher, John | This is my **dog**. He lives in my **house**. We live in **London**. |
| [**Adjective**](https://www.englishclub.com/grammar/adjectives.htm) | describes a noun | good, big, red, well, interesting | My dogs are **big**. I like **big** dogs. |
| [**Determiner**](https://www.englishclub.com/grammar/determiners.htm) | limits or "determines" a noun | a/an, the, 2, some, many | I have **two** dogs and **some** rabbits. |
| [**Adverb**](https://www.englishclub.com/grammar/adverbs.htm) | describes a verb, adjective or adverb | quickly, silently, well, badly, very, really | My dog eats **quickly**. When he is **very** hungry, he eats **really** quickly. |
| [**Pronoun**](https://www.englishclub.com/grammar/pronouns.htm) | replaces a noun | I, you, he, she, some | Tara is Indian. **She** is beautiful. |
| [**Preposition**](https://www.englishclub.com/grammar/prepositions.htm) | links a noun to another word | to, at, after, on, but | We went **to** school **on** Monday. |
| [**Conjunction**](https://www.englishclub.com/grammar/conjunctions.htm) | joins clauses or sentences or words | and, but, when | I like dogs **and** I like cats. I like cats **and** dogs. I like dogs **but** I don't like cats. |
| [**Interjection**](https://www.englishclub.com/grammar/interjections.htm) | short exclamation, sometimes inserted into a sentence | oh!, ouch!, hi!, well | **Ouch**! That hurts! **Hi**! How are you? **Well**, I don't know. |

**MOHAMMED BOUDIAF UNIVERSITY, MSILA**

**FACULTY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY COURSE: ENGLISH**

**DEPARTEMENT OF COMMON STEM**

**1ST YEAR**

**Lecture 02: parts of speech, synonyms, collocation to technical words**

| **word** | **part of speech** | **example** |
| --- | --- | --- |
| work | noun | My **work** is easy. |
| verb | I **work** in London. |
| but | conjunction | John came **but** Mary didn't come. |
| preposition | Everyone came **but** Mary. |
| well | adjective | Are you **well**? |
| adverb | She speaks **well**. |
| interjection | **Well**! That's expensive! |
| afternoon | noun | We ate in the **afternoon**. |
| noun acting as adjective | We had **afternoon** tea. |

**Quiz**

 I bought a **beautiful** dress at the mall.

 preposition  
 adjective  
 noun

2. What did **she** ask you to do?

 conjunction  
 preposition  
 pronoun

3. I left my shoes **under** the kitchen table.

 adjective  
 preposition  
 pronoun

4. If we finish our work **quickly** we can go to the movies.

 adverb  
 conjunction  
 verb

5. On Saturdays I **work** from nine to five.

 verb  
 preposition  
 adverb

6. I want to go to a **university** in the United States.

 adjective  
 preposition  
 noun

7. I'm sure I've **met** your girlfriend before.

 verb  
 preposition  
 interjection

8. **Well**, I don't think I'll be home before 6.

 interjection  
 preposition  
 pronoun

9. Andy knocked on the door **but** nobody answered.

 adverb  
 adjective  
 conjunction

10. **After** lunch let's go out for a coffee.

 pronoun  
 preposition  
 verb

**Key answers**

1. adjective

2. pronoun

3. preposition

4. adverb

5. verb

6. noun

7. verb

8. interjection

9. conjunction

10. preposition

**Part 2: synonyms, collocation to technical words**

* *Innovative = adjective*
* *Synonyms: inventive, original, ingenious*
* *Collocation: approach, idea, design*
* *Definition: using new ideas or methods*
* *Example ; Steve jobs was an innovative CEO*
* *MODIFY= VERB*
* *Synonym; adapt, adjust, customize*
* *Collocation; slightly, drastically, significantly*
* *Definition; to change something in order to make it better*
* *Example; I modified my laptop by adding more memory and a faster processor*
* *E-commerce = noun*
* *Antonym; mail order, malls, high street shops*
* *Examples ; ebay, amazon, itunes, alibaba,….*
* *Definition; buying and selling goods and services through the internet*
* *Example; these days people are using E-commerce more than traditional shopping*
* *Progress= noun*
* *Synonym; growth, development, improvement*
* *Collocation; little, considerable, dramatic, steady*
* *Definition; movement to an improved or a developed state*
* *Example; the 20 c saw rapid technological progress*
* *Device = noun*
* *Synonym; machine, gadget, appliance.*
* *Collocation; useful, labour-saving, ingenious*
* *Definition; an object or a machine that has been made for a certain purpose*
* *Example; Apple makes various electronic devices*
* *Develop= verb*
* *Synonym; evolve, progress, advance*
* *Collocation; can, will, might*
* *Definition; to change to a more advanced or stronger form*
* *Example; scientists are trying to develop faster computers*
* *Affect = verb*
* *Synonym; alter, change, influence*
* *Collocation; profound, slightly, increase, drastic*
* *Definition; to influence or cause a change in something*
* *Example; the internet has affected how we do business forever*
* *Privacy = noun*
* *Synonym; confidentially*
* *Collocation; concerns, issue, policy, right to*
* *Definition; a right to keep personal information secret*
* *Examples; many Facebook users have concerns about their privacy policy*
* *Social media = noun*
* *Antonym; print, tv, radio, cinema*
* *Examples; facebook, instagram, twitter*
* *Definition; apps and websites that allow people to share content*
* *Example; many people now are using social media to access news content*
* *Wireless = adjective*
* *Synonym; wifi*
* *Collocation; technology, networks, computers*
* *Definition; using radio or microwaves rather than wires to transmit information*
* *Example; most computers right now has wireless technology*
* *Online= adjective*
* *Synonym ;networked, wired*
* *Collocation ; database, user, transaction*
* *Definition ; done by or connected to the internet*
* *Example ; most business is now done online*
* *Browse= verb*
* *Synonym; peruse, look through*
* *Collocation; the internet, the web*
* *Definition; to look at and find information on the internet.*
* *Example; rather than go to the shops, I normally browse products on the internet.*

*Activity : divide the underlined sentences into parts of speech*

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *determiner* | *noun* | *verb* | *adverb* | *adjective* | *preposition* | *conjunction* | *Interjection* |
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