## University of M'sila,

## Faculty of Mathematics & Computer Science (CS),

# Department of CS.

Course: Distributed Information Systems (ISIL 3 rd year) Year: 2023-2024

Duration: 1:30

#### **Final Exam**

## Q1. (10 points)

## **Select ONE choice from the following:**

- 1. What is RMI in Java?
  - a. A library for building Graphical applications in Java
  - b. A protocol for remote communication between Java applications
  - c. A framework for building distributed systems in Java
  - d. None of the mentioned
- 2. The block which contains a set of statements where an exception can occur is called:
  - **a.** throws
  - b. try
  - c. remoteException
  - **d.** catch
- **3.** Hiding that a resource may be shared by several users is called the transparency of:
  - a. Concurrency
  - **b.** Replication
  - c. Shared resource
  - d. Scalability
- 4. There are many architectures of distributed systems:
  - a. Interface, client, server
  - **b.** Session beans, entity beans, and Message-driven beans
  - c. Client server and broker
  - d. None of the mentioned
- **5.** In the broker architectural style, the client and the server communicate through a middleware system named:
  - a. CORBA
  - **b.** Software bus
  - c. Distributed object
  - d. Broker, stub, skeleton
- **6.** Suitable for complex distributed systems with heterogeneous components:
  - a. RMI
  - **b.** Binder
  - c. EJB
  - d. CORBA

- **7.** The HTTP connection is persistent. This means:
  - a. The HTTP allows Media Independent Mail Exchange through TCP connection
  - b. The HTTP does not allow Media Independent Mail Exchange through TCP connection
  - **c.** The server closes the TCP connection after delivering the response
  - **d.** The server does not close the TCP connection after delivering the response
- **8.** Object whose method can be invoked from another Java Virtual Machine:
  - a. Object servers
  - **b.** Remote objects
  - c. Enterprise Beans
  - d. Transient objects
- **9.** There are three forms of intermediate systems with TCP connections:
  - a. Protocol, Hostname, Port
  - b. URL, Firewall, cache
  - c. Proxy, Gateway, Tunnel
  - d. None of the mentioned
- **10.** The process of transmission of parameters passed to a remote method from client to server and vice-versa is called:
  - a. Marshalling and unmarshalling
  - **b.** Encoding or decoding
  - c. Binding
  - d. None of the above

### Q2. (10 points)

Hotel reservation system is a kind of **distributed systems** that allows hotels to manage reservations and take bookings and appointments online. It also enables potential **clients** to reserve and pay for a service directly through the website. The following is a part of a large database available in the **server**.

City	Hotel	Number of empty rooms
City1	Hotel1	10
City1	Hotel2	15
City1	Hotel3	0
City2	Hotel1	0
City2	Hotel2	150

- Write a simple hotel reservation system where the server can:
  - 1. Display all hotels with empty rooms that exist in any city specified by the client
  - 2. Reserve a room (booking), if possible, in a city and a hotel specified by the client
- The hotel manager needs to modify the system by adding other services. As a system developer, which design approach will you follow? Justify?
- We will follow the bottom up design approach since the hotel reservation system is already exist and we will not develop it from scratch.