University of M'sila,

Faculty of Mathematics & Computer Science (CS),

Department of CS.

Course: Distributed Information Systems (ISIL 3 rd year)

Year: 2023-2024

Duration: 1:30

Final Exam

Q1. (8 points)

Select ONE choice from the following:

- 1. In RMI, the binder is used by:
 - a. The client only
 - **b.** The server only
 - c. Both of them
 - d. None of the mentioned
- 2. The block which contains a set of statements where an exception can be handled is called:
 - a. throws
 - b. try
 - **c.** remoteException
 - <mark>d.</mark> catch
- 3. Hiding that a resource may be shared by several users is called:
 - a. Transparency
 - b. Replication
 - **c.** Shared resource
 - d. Scalability
- 4. In distributed systems, services are generally specified through interfaces, which are often described in:
 - a. Interface, client, server
 - b. Interface Definition Language
 - c. Interface Description Language
 - **d.** Interface Design Layer
- 5. It provides security services such as authentication, authorization, and encryption:
 - a. RMI
 - b. Software bus
 - c. Distributed object
 - <mark>d.</mark> CORBA
- 6. It performs NO operations on HTTP requests and responses:
 - a. Proxy
 - **b.** Binder
 - <mark>c.</mark> Tunnel
 - d. Cache

- **7.** The HTTP connection is stateless. This means:
 - a. The server and client are aware of each other only during a current request
 - **b.** The client and the browser can retain information between different request across the web pages
 - c. Both a and b
 - **d.** None of the mentioned
- **8.** Java object that is hosted by a special server offering different ways for remote clients to invoke that object is:
 - a. Object server
 - **b.** Remote object
 - c. Enterprise Bean
 - d. Transient object

Q2. (4 points)

Heterogeneity is considered one of the main challenges of developing a distributed system.

- What does heterogeneity mean?
- Which tool will you use to solve this challenge (RMI-CORBA-EJB)? Justify

Definition: Variety and differences in: • Networks. • Computer hardware. • Operating systems. • Programming languages implementations by different developers. **Solution**: Middleware as a software layer to provide a programming abstraction as well as masking the heterogeneity of the underlying networks, hardware, OS, and programming languages (e.g., CORBA).

Q3. (8 points)

Write a **distributed application** that calculates any power of any number specified both by the client, e.g., 5⁴. **Do not use pow!**